Manual for Stingray X2 tattoo machine rev. 1

Patent Pending

Manufacturer: InkMachines Sweden AB
BOX 8025
350 08 VÄXJÖ, Sweden
Introduction

We are proud to present the evolution of the Stingray machine. The X model is the sum of our experience from building machines during the years and has led to several improvements. Manufactured with the highest quality materials and components available.

Description

The Stingray is a state of the art rotary based Desmodromic cam tattoo machine with features that gives it several advantages compared to other tattoo machine types. The most important advantage is the new Patent Pending Desmodromic roller cam system which gives the unique ability to produce a defined needle motion with full control. Unlike any normal rotary machine or swash drive that has a fixed eccentric motion the Desmodromic cam can produce a 100% controlled linear motion with variable speeds at certain angles of the motor revolution with the motor spinning at a constant rpm.

The Stingrays Desmodromic cam system enables to create a motion that is perfect for lining and color packing like a tuned coil machine but with greater precision and consistency. Not only does the system allow you to change to different stroke lengths but also the ability to totally change the characteristics and behavior of the machine and the needle speed by changing to different cams. Changing the cam is very easy and takes only a few minutes.

Benefits

Besides the obvious that it is light and has a comfortable sound the greatest benefit with the Stingray is that it makes it easier to penetrate difficult areas of the body and loose skin, put the pigment in to the skin more efficiently and cause less damage and better healing.

Like the Dragonfly the Stingray have been tested and developed for over two years by engineers and several professional tattoo artists which means that you can look forward to the reliable and satisfactory performance of the Stingray for years to come.

To ensure safety and obtain maximum service life from the machine it is essential that users read and understand this manual. Check out www.Inkmachines.com for more info and news.
Improvements

More stable give adjustment.
New Cap with built in damper prevents clatter and excessive noise when using the softer give settings. Allows use of the whole 3 turn adjustment efficiently and without clatter.

Easy to convert between standard and cartridge needles.
When using cartridges the Stay up spring must be removed to prevent strain on the motor and to function properly. The X2 version has a lid in the frame that allows quick access to the Stay up spring. Easy to remove and insert when choosing between standard and cartridge needles.

New Swiss X2 motor. Exclusive for the X2 models.
Hi-performance motor with 6W mechanical output. High energy efficiency (86%). Optimal for battery operation with the RPS-600. Runs all type of standard and cartridge needles.

New 4mm stroke stainless steel cam.
The standard cam has been replaced with a new 4mm stroke cam made from stainless steel to enhance durability and lining performance.

Higher Precision and finish.
The X2 models have several improvements regarding materials and precision. All X2 models are laser marked with serial number.
Safety

The Stingray is designed and developed solely for tattooing of humans by professional tattoo artists. Do not under any circumstances use for other purposes.

InkMachines only provide products for professional tattoo artists and may only be used by professionals with knowledge about diseases and how to maintain a clean working environment and sterile equipment. Work safe!

Always use sterile tubes, grips, tips and needles.

Always use rubber gloves.

Use plastic bags and wraps for tattoo equipment around the machine and the power cord.

Always keep your machines clean! Before and after every use you should: remove any oil or dirt and wipe the machine clean with alcohol or equivalent disinfectant.

The manufacturer does not have responsibility for any kind of material damage, person damage or infection caused by negligence or misuse of the machine or the components attached to the machine.

The manufacturer does not have responsibility for contamination or infection of humans or animals.
Service

Tools and spare parts are available on www.inkmachines.com in the spare parts section if you want to do service work yourself. To properly make service work on your own you will need the Precision tool kit 🍃. You can also send machines to our service technicians for a full service. For more information go to www.inkmachines.com

Warranty

This product includes a 12 month warranty from the date of purchase. The warranty applies to factory faults and not to wear of any components caused by normal or abnormal use.

The warranty is void if:

1. Input Voltage above 14 volts has been applied to the machine.
2. Machine or any of its components have been autoclaved or cleaned in an ultrasonic cleaner.
3. Components have been damaged by misuse or carelessness.
4. Components have been manipulated.

Delivery content

Oil

Stingray X2 Machine

Emergency Allen keys 0.9mm and 1.5mm
Getting started

1. Disconnect the machine from the power supply.
2. Attach a new quality rubber nipple or grommet to the Needle bar pin ❸. The nipple or grommet should have a tight fit with the Needle bar loop.
3. Open the retainer to make clearance for the needle bar and tube by adjusting the Retainer screw ❹.
4. Bend the needle bar to a slight arc shape and / or make a bend just at the soldering to compensate the pressure from the needle bar retainer. This enables the needles to work straighter, prevent it from wobbling and making it more stable in the tip.
5. Insert the needle carefully into the tube without damaging the needle tips.
6. Insert the tube / needle assembly through the Tube vice clamp ❺ and tighten the vice lightly. Attach the needle bar loop to the nipple.
7. Move the Needle bar pin ❸ and the attached needle bar down to the bottom of its stroke by pressing the needle bar pin downwards, if the needle bar pin won’t move down push the Releaser ❶ to release it.
8. Inspect and adjust the protrusion and alignment of the needle and tip by moving the grip and tube to the desired location. Tighten the tube vice firmly when done.
9. Adjust the Needle bar retainer ❹ by turning the Retainer screw ❹ until the retainer O-ring ❺ makes contact with the needle bar. Don’t tighten more than necessary to keep the needle stable in the tip. If the needle bar don’t align properly with the retainer O-ring, adjust / bend the needle bar so that it aligns.
10. Connect the machine to a power supply (max 13 volts DC) either with a RCA cable to the RCA contact ❻ or a clip cord to the Clip cord binding posts ❼, if you choose to use a clip cord make sure to connect positive to + and negative to – marked on the machine next to the binding posts. The motor should turn clockwise when looking at the front.
11. Run the machine between 8.5-10 volts depending on needle size and friction, fine adjust the Needle bar retainer ❹ until the needle feels stable in the tip and make sure that everything runs smoothly without excessive friction or noise.
12. Run the machine and adjust the needle suspension (give) by feeling the Needle bar pin ❸ and nipple with your finger and by turning the Cap ❼ to get the desired hitting, clockwise = harder, counter clockwise = softer. When the cap is turned clockwise to the bottom the Needle bar pin ❸ will be locked with the Piston ❹. This position will give the hardest hitting. When the cap is turned counter clockwise the stroke will be increasingly softer until the limit is reached. When the limit is reached (about 3.5 turns from the bottom) the Adjustment screw ❶ will make contact with the cap from the inside and produce noise, turn the cap clockwise until the adjustment screw clears the cap and the noise stops. If you turn the cap beyond 3.5 turns from the bottom position and the cap should come off, screw down the adjustment screw two turns and reattach the cap by pushing it while moving it in a circular motion until it clicks into place.
13. Encapsulate the machine and cord with plastic bags and wrappings for tattoo equipment.
14. Typical start value would be around 9 volts. The adjustment is normally set to soft for lining and medium to hard for filling / packing color. These are just start values and are very much individual. You may find other settings to suit you better depending on your technique, equipment etc.
The new X2 cap has a built-in Damper that prevents clatter and noise when the give adjustment is used.

**Note:** The Damper makes the machine slightly louder when running without needles or when the adjustment is set to the hardest setting. When the machine is set up with needles and soft give setting are used the clatter and noise will be greatly reduced compared to running without it.

The Damper has a service life of approximately 1500 hours. The machine can be operated without the Damper if the give adjustment is not required. To remove the Damper from the cap use a pliers and grab the tip of the Damper to pull it out from the Damper plug. Don’t grab the shaft of the Damper as it can be damaged. To insert the Damper use the adjustment screw as a guide to locate the hole in the Damper plug. Apply pressure to the damper to insert it firmly.
Changing Cams

The Stingray cams can be changed between different variations. Cams are available at inkmachines.com
To properly change the cam and make service work on your own you will need the **Precision tool kit**. The Stingray X2 is normally delivered with the 4mm steel cam as standard.

**Precision tool kit**

![Precision tool kit image]

Video also available at youtube.com search word “InkMachines”

1. Remove grip and needle.
2. Remove the **Cap**
3. Remove the **Shaft support screws** and the **Rod screw**.
4. Remove the **Shaft support** and the **Rod assembly**.

![Diagram showing parts to remove]

**1.3mm Hex key**

**Rod assembly**

**Shaft support**
5. Rotate the **Cam** 🔄 and locate the **Cam screw** 🔄 with a 0.9mm Allen key through the hole in the **Frame** 🔲. Loosen the **Cam screw** 🔄 and remove the **Cam** 🔄.

6. Clean the parts and the frame and align the flat part of the motor shaft towards the hole in the frame.

7. Mount the new **Cam** 🔄 of choice with the **Cam screw** 🔄 downwards so that the **Cam screw** 🔄 and the flat part of the motor shaft align with each other and with the hole in the **Frame** 🔲. Make sure that the **Cam** 🔄 is all the way down against the motor and tighten the **Cam screw** 🔄.

8. Put the **Rod assembly** 🔄 and the **Shaft support** 🔄 in place and tighten the **Shaft support screws** 🔄. The **Shaft support** 🔄 must be oriented with the clearance groove downwards or the **Rod assembly** 🔄 won’t fit properly.
9. Preform lash adjustment. The lash or play between the Cam bearings ⑩ and the Cam ⑩ needs to be adjusted to a minimum. Too much play between the cam bearings and the cam will cause excessive noise and increased wear on the cam. Push the piston assembly ⑦ and the rod assembly ⑩ together against the cam ⑩ so that both cam bearings has contact with the cam ⑩. Do not push hard, the bearings should just make contact with the cam. Then tighten the rod screw ⑩.

10. Run the machine around 9 volts to make sure everything runs smoothly.
Converting to cartridges

The Stingray X2 is fully compatible with cartridges and is easier to convert than the previous model. When using cartridges the Stay up spring must be removed to prevent strain on the motor and to function properly. The X2 version has a lid in the frame that allows quick access to the Stay up spring. To properly convert we recommend the Precision tool kit.

Remove the Stay up spring by removing the Lid on the side of the frame. After removing the Stay up spring, put the lid and screw back in place. If you wish to use standard needles again put the stay up spring back. Use the short end of the 1.5mm Allen key to push and hold it in place. Put the lid back in position and keep some pressure on the lid while pulling the Allen key out. The stay up spring should engage so that it rests on the lid.

To take advantage of the give function when using cartridges the Inner piston spring should be replaced. If the give function is not required just adjust the give to the bottom position (hardest setting).
Maintenance instructions

Lubrication

Use the oil that were supplied with the machine and follow these steps to lubricate every 100 hours of use. Only use the oil provided with the machine, other oils may reduce lifetime of the machine and/or clog.

1. Remove grip and needle.
2. Remove the cap and use the Releaser to release the Piston assembly while pushing the Piston assembly down to the bottom of its stroke. Lube with a small amount of oil in the corners between the piston and the frame. Put the cap back in place by pushing and moving it in a circular motion.
3. Apply oil just above the needle bar pin in the oval hole.
4. Apply oil on the bearings of the Needle bar retainer and roll the bearings a few times back and forward to let the oil run into the bearings.
5. Apply oil between the Bearing rod and the Shaft support. No oil is required on the cam or the cam bearings.
6. Run the machine around 9 volts for about a minute and clean it when done.
Wear components and replacement interval

Components estimated life in operating hours during normal use and given that maintenance instructions have been followed.

- Damper 1500h
- Adjustment Screw 2000h
- Inner piston spring 800h
- Piston Assembly 2000h
- Retainer bearings 4000h
- Retainer O-ring 2500h
- Frame 10 000h+
- RCA contact 3000h
- Motor Assembly, Rod assembly, cam and bearings with standard 4mm steel cam 3000h+
Troubleshooting guide

If you experience problems with the machine you can consult the troubleshooting guide or contact us for service at Inkmachines.com

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symptom</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Possible Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Motor 🍀 do not start when the power is on but the Cam 🍀 can be moved around without friction. ( Electrical fault )</td>
<td>None or to low input voltage.</td>
<td>Increase voltage (max 13 volts).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bad cable or power supply.</td>
<td>Make sure the power supply delivers the right current. Consult manual if necessary. Check clip cord or RCA cable. Replace if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bad connection.</td>
<td>Make sure the contact screws are not loose, tighten the following: Contact screw motor negative (-) 🍀 Contact screw binding post negative (-) 🍀 Contact screw cord positive (+) 🍀.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bad connection between the RCA contact 🍀 and the motor.</td>
<td>Loosen the RCA nut 🍀 and unscrew the RCA contact 🍀. Remove possible oxide by sanding the tip of the contact that engages with the contact plate of the motor. Clean the contact plate (visible through the threaded hole) with alcohol on a cotton bud. Turn the RCA contact until the tip touches the contact plate gently. Tighten the nut gently also.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Short circuit between Frame ① and Clip cord binding post positive (+) ③. The clip cord binding post positive is electrically isolated from the Frame ① with a plastic sleeve. If the sleeve fails short circuit will occur.

The Motor ③ is defect.

Friction between frame ① and piston ⑩.

The Needle bar pin ⑥ has moved and makes contact with the frame ①.

Remove the Clip cord binding post positive (+) ③ and the sleeve. Replace if necessary.

Contact InkMachines for service.

Lubricate according to maintenance instructions.

Relocate and tighten the Needle bar pin.

Machine loses power and / or speed varies.
Needle bar retainer bearings ➊ worn or clogged.

Needle bar retainer ➋ to hard set against needle bar.

The Cam ➋ is loose.

The Stay up spring is broken ➋

The motor ➌ is defect.

The machine or pistons are new. The suspension needs break in.

The Needle bar pin ➌ is loose.

The Inner piston ➋ is clogged.

Clean and lubricate or replace ➋.

Re-adjust. Just enough pressure to keep the needle stable should be applied.

Tighten the cam screw. See no 7. Of the cam change instructions.

Replace.

Contact InkMachines for service.

Lubricate and run the machine for a few minutes while holding the Needle bar pin ➌ with your fingers and let the inner piston break in.

Relocate and tighten the Needle bar pin.

Remove the Inner piston ➋. Clean and re-lubricate.
The Needle bar pin is wobbling and / or feels to loose. (A certain side to side play is normal).

The Needle bar pin is loose.

Relocate and tighten the Needle bar pin.

The Inner piston spring is defect.

Replace. Or stretch.

The Motor loses power in a certain angle but will start when helped.

The Motor is defect.

Contact InkMachines for service.

The Needle bar pin suspension (give) is out of sync with the piston movement.

Too much play between the Piston and the Inner piston. (worn out).

Contact InkMachines for service.

The Inner piston needs lubrication.

Lubricate.

The Inner piston spring is defect or fatigue.

Replace or stretch the existing spring.

The Motor is defect.

Contact InkMachines for service.
The needle stops in random position and not in its upper position like it should.

The **Stay up spring** is broken.

Replace.

The **Cap** pops off or unscrews itself during tattooing.

The hexagon of the **Adjustment screw** is damaged and pivots inside without the cap following.

Remove the **Cap** and replace the **Adjustment screw**.

The spring inside the **Cap** is too weak and won’t keep the cap from turning by normal vibrations.

Replace the **Cap**.

The Machine runs with a “wobbling” sound or uneven sound.

The needle bar retainer *O-ring* is not round.

Replace the *O-ring* or put a drop of oil in the groove between the *O-ring* and the needle bar.
The Needle bar retainer assembly vibrates loose during tattooing.

Ink is creeping up the needle bar.

The Retainer screw spring is too weak.

The pigment is thick. Thicker pigments tend to climb easier than thin pigments.

The needle has a long resting area (distance) in the tip.

A certain frequency (speed) makes it worse.

The needle has a tight fit in the tip.

Needle bar retainer to hard set against needle bar.

Replace the Retainer screw spring or stretch it.

Dilute the pigment.

Bend the needle at the solder so that only the tip of the needle rests against the tip or as little as possible.

Change the voltage up or down.

Try different needle and tip combinations.

Re-adjust. Just enough pressure to keep the needle stable should be applied.
# Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Input voltage</strong></td>
<td>0 - 13 volt DC (max. 13 volt DC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power connections</strong></td>
<td>RCA or clip cord (max. clip cord end diam Ø1,6 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rpm range</strong></td>
<td>0 - 8000 rpm / min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stitches / sec</strong></td>
<td>0 - 130 / sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stroke length</strong></td>
<td>2.6-4mm depending on cam used. 4mm is standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Suspension stroke (give)</strong></td>
<td>0 - 2 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Max. tube diam Ø</strong></td>
<td>Ø8 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Max. needle size</strong></td>
<td>50 magnum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td>85 grams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wireless ready</strong></td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dimensions LxBxH</strong></td>
<td>95 x 21 x 77 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Part names

Note: Parts without numbers are not included in the purchase.
Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer

InkMachines Sweden AB
Box 8025
350 08 Växjö
Sweden

Equipment

Tattoo machine Stingray X2
Year of manufacturer 2014

We InkMachines Sweden AB hereby declare that the Stingray tattoo machine specified above conforms with the following directives:

Machine Directive 2006/42/EC

Växjö 2010-05-07

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Christian Johansson  CEO